# LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For Year Ended June 30, 2021



Certified Public Accountants

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education LaFayette Central School District, New York

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the LaFayette Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the LaFayette Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress postemployment benefit plan, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–13 and 50–54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

As described in Note II to the financial statements, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result, the beginning net position has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the LaFayette Central School District, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 11, 2021 on our consideration of the LaFayette Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering LaFayette Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 11, 2021

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#### **LaFayette Central School District**

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

# **Financial Highlights**

At the close of the fiscal year, the total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) exceeded its total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) by \$9,993,675 (net position) a decrease of \$1,570,082 from the prior year.

General revenues which include State and Federal Aid, Property Taxes, Non Property Taxes, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$21,930,360 or 81% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for Services and Operating Grants and Contributions accounted for \$5,074,631 or 19% of total revenues.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$4,891,001, a decrease of \$1,104,997 in comparison with the prior year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital projects fund, which are reported as major funds. Data for the special aid fund, the school lunch fund, the miscellaneous special revenue fund, and the debt service fund are aggregated into a single column and reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

	Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements						
	Government-Wide Fund Financial Statements						
	<b>Statements</b>	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds				
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies				
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position statement of changes in fiduciary net position				
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus				
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can				
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid				

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

#### Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

#### **Net Position**

The District's combined net position was smaller on June 30, 2021, than the year before, decreasing to (\$9,993,675) as shown in the table below.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Total <u>Variance</u>
ASSETS:	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 17,020,788	\$ 14,055,161	\$ 2,965,627
Capital Assets	36,428,581	36,230,417	198,164
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$ 53,449,369	\$ 50,285,578	\$ 3,163,791
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 15,177,677	\$ 14,800,162	\$ 377,515
LIABILITIES:			
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 53,487,198	\$ 62,232,393	\$ (8,745,195)
Other Liabilities	12,249,599	7,914,367	4,335,232
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$ 65,736,797	\$ 70,146,760	\$ (4,409,963)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 12,883,924	\$ 3,362,573	\$ 9,521,351
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 18,498,356	\$ 18,824,675	\$ (326,319)
Restricted For.			
Employment Retirement System	727,424	927,109	(199,685)
Repair Reserve	2,273,900	2,273,900	-
Liability Reserve	851,380	851,380	-
Other Purposes	1,815,351	1,656,172	159,179
Unrestricted	(34,160,086)	(32,956,829)	(1,203,257)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ (9,993,675)	\$ (8,423,593)	\$ (1,570,082)

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

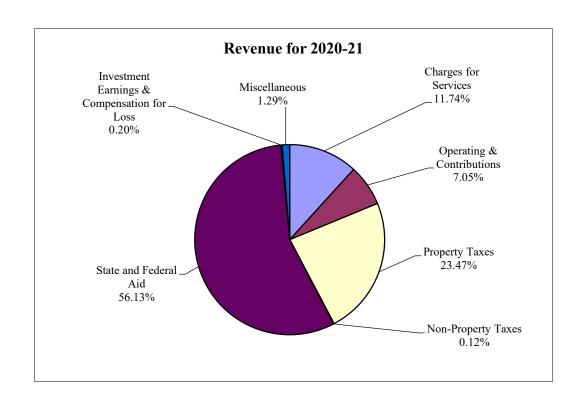
There are four restricted net asset balances; Reserve for ERS, Repair Reserve, Liability Reserve, and Other Purposes. The remaining balance is a deficit in unrestricted net position which totals (\$34,160,086).

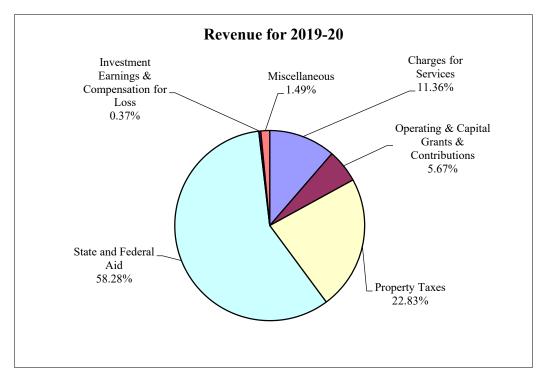
# **Changes in Net Position**

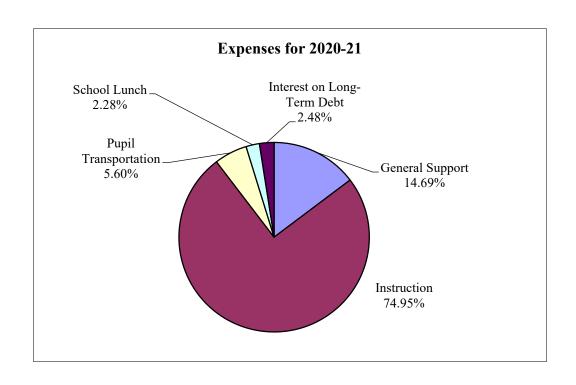
The District's total revenue decreased to \$27,004,991. State and federal aid 56% and property taxes 23% accounted for most of the District's revenue. The remaining 21% of the revenue comes from operating grants, charges for services, non property taxes, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

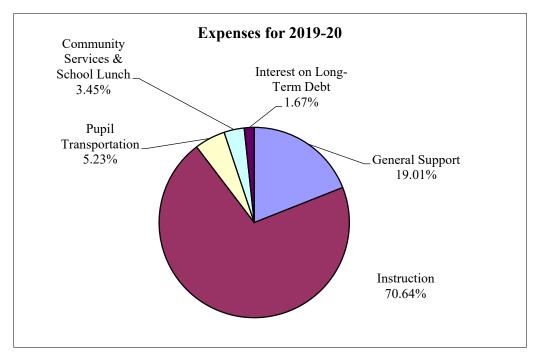
The total cost of all the programs and services decreased to \$28,575,073. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for the students (Instruction) 75%. General support, which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance, and administration of the District, accounted for 15% of the total costs. See the table below:

					Total			
		Governmental Activities				<u>Variance</u>		
		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>				
REVENUES:								
Program -								
Charges for Service	\$	3,171,089	\$	3,072,799	\$	98,290		
Operating Grants & Contributions		1,903,542		1,461,545		441,997		
Capital Grants & Contributions		_		72,506		(72,506)		
Total Program	\$	5,074,631	\$	4,606,850	\$	467,781		
General -						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Property Taxes	\$	6,336,910	\$	6,176,829	\$	160,081		
Non Property Taxes		32,410		-		32,410		
State and Federal Aid		15,158,544		15,765,838		(607,294)		
Investment Earnings		34,464		82,366		(47,902)		
Compensation for Loss		18,733		19,031		(298)		
Miscellaneous		349,299		401,662		(52,363)		
Total General	\$	21,930,360	\$	22,445,726	\$	(515,366)		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	27,004,991	\$	27,052,576	\$	(47,585)		
EXPENSES:								
General Support	\$	4,197,408	\$	5,608,002	\$	(1,410,594)		
Instruction		21,417,154		20,836,788		580,366		
Pupil Transportation		1,601,072		1,542,285		58,787		
Community Services		-		45		(45)		
School Lunch		651,802		1,017,366		(365,564)		
Interest		707,637		493,506		214,131		
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	28,575,073	\$	29,497,992	\$	(922,919)		
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	\$	(1,570,082)	\$	(2,445,416)				
NET POSITION, BEGINNING								
OF YEAR (restated)		(8,423,593)		(5,978,177)				
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	(9,993,675)	\$	(8,423,593)				









# **Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds**

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$4,891,001 which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$5,995,998.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,879,259. Fund balance for the General Fund decreased by \$256,112 compared with the prior year. See the table below:

				Total
<b>General Fund Balances:</b>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	7	<u>Variance</u>
Restricted	\$ 5,499,656	\$ 5,708,561	\$	(208,905)
Assigned	554,328	638,807		(84,479)
Unassigned	825,275	788,003		37,272
<b>Total General Fund Balances</b>	\$ 6,879,259	\$ 7,135,371	\$	(256,112)

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$195,140. This change is attributable to \$88,807 of carryover encumbrances from the 2019-20 school year and \$106,333 for Cares Act.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

	Budget Variance Original Vs.	
<b>Expenditure Items:</b>	v s. Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
•		Due to reduced expenditures, funds were allocated to other
Employee Benefits	(\$228,704)	operational needs.

	Budget					
	Variance					
	Amended					
-	Vs.					
Revenue Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance				
		Due to reduced state aid increases the District used fewer				
		BOCES services than originally planned for in the prior year,				
Miscellaneous	\$208,041	resulting in a larger refund.				
		The Onondaga Nation School was fully remote which				
		resulted in significant decreases in expenditures. Since state				
		aid for the Onondaga Nation School is based on actual				
State Sources	(\$1,368,740)	expenditures, revenues were reduced.				

	Budget Variance	
	Amended Vs.	
<b>Expenditure Items:</b>	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
		Due to the expected reductions in state aid the District froze
		spending. Additionally, the Onondaga Nation School was
Control Combine	¢475 511	fully remote. Both factors resulted in significant decreases in
Central Services	\$475,511	expenditures.
		Due to the expected reductions in state aid the District froze spending. Additionally, the Onondaga Nation School was
		fully remote. Both factors resulted in significant decreases in
Teaching-Regular	\$747,918	expenditures.
		Due to the expected reductions in state aid the District froze
		spending. Additionally, the Onondaga Nation School was
Instructional Media	\$189,701	fully remote. Both factors resulted in significant decreases in expenditures.
ilistructional ivicula	\$109,701	Due to the expected reductions in state aid the District froze
		spending. Additionally, the Onondaga Nation School was
		fully remote. Both factors resulted in significant decreases in
Pupil Services	\$216,274	expenditures.
•		Due to the expected reductions in state aid the District froze
		spending. Additionally, the Onondaga Nation School was
		fully remote. Both factors resulted in significant decreases in
Pupil Transportation	\$181,578	expenditures.
		Due to the expected reductions in state aid the District froze
		spending. Additionally, the Onondaga Nation School was
Employee Donoffe	\$440.626	fully remote. Both factors resulted in significant decreases in
Employee Benefits	\$440,626	expenditures.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

# **Capital Assets**

By the end of the 2021 fiscal year, the District had invested \$36,428,581 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Land	\$ 156,400	\$ 156,400
Work in Progress	8,587,352	6,164,744
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	25,827,081	26,611,997
Machinery and Equipment	1,857,748	 1,783,367
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	\$ 36,428,581	\$ 34,716,508

More detailed financial information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

# **Long-Term Debt**

At year end, the District had \$53,487,198 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

<b>Type</b>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 13,018,495	\$ 13,845,000
Bond Premium	1,869,670	2,046,833
OPEB	36,228,893	43,475,748
Net Pension Liability	1,646,363	2,106,941
Compensated Absences	723,777	757,871
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$ 53,487,198	\$ 62,232,393

More detailed financial information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

## **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

The pandemic has created many financial considerations for school districts statewide. How long will the pandemic be? How long will additional expenses related to the pandemic (cleaning supplies, masks, etc.) continue? What are the chances of being fully remote at any point? We were fortunate to have 2 of our 3 schools open throughout this pandemic. While the district has been allocated American Rescue Plan funding for the next 3 years, we have to be very careful to avoid a "fiscal cliff". With this in mind, we planned our spending of these funds to ensure we don't experience a noticeable drop in revenues as compared to expenses when this funding is gone. We have increased staffing only to the absolute necessary degree. With most of the funding allocated to "one-time" expenses such as professional development, consultants, software, other instructional support tools and classroom furniture, we have protected ourselves from not having enough revenues to cover additional expenses when the funding is exhausted.

Additionally, while it has been stated that state foundation aid will be increased in subsequent years, until we see the Governor's executive budget, it is still an unknown. With a new governor, we are hopeful education becomes more of a priority and funding that has been reduced in the past may begin to be restored. So while cautiously optimistic, we need to be aware that funding increases may still remain very low. This has to be taken into account during the budgeting process until we have a better understanding of the Governor's education funding plan. Based on these factors, a conservative budgeting plan moving forward will be necessary. It is expected that nominal budget increases will be seen along with conservative tax increases.

## Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

LaFayette Central School District 5955 US Route 20 LaFayette, New York 13084

# **Statement of Net Position**

# June 30, 2021

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$ 11	,556,290 ,455,993
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 11	
	455.993
Inventories	8,505
Capital Assets:	
Land	156,400
	,587,352
Other capital assets (net of depreciation) 27	,684,829
TOTAL ASSETS \$ 53	,449,369
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources \$ 15	,177,677
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable \$	139,014
Accrued liabilities	179,353
Unearned revenues	45,347
Due to teachers' retirement system	,019,415
Due to employees' retirement system	98,589
Bond anticipation notes payable 3	,100,000
Revenue anticipation notes payable 7	,500,000
Other Liabilities	167,881
Long-Term Obligations:	
	,776,602
Due in more than one year 51	,710,596
TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 65	,736,797
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources \$ 12	,883,924
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets \$ 18	,498,356
Restricted For:	, ,
	,273,900
Reserve for employee retirement system	727,424
Liability reserve	851,380
•	,815,351
	,160,086)
	,993,675)

# **Statement of Activities**

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

							N	et (Expense)
							F	Revenue and
								Changes in
				Progran	n Re	venues	ľ	Net Position
					(	Operating		
			C	harges for	(	Frants and	G	overnmental
<b>Functions/Programs</b>		Expenses		Services	<u>C</u>	ontributions		<b>Activities</b>
<b>Primary Government</b> -								
General support	\$	4,197,408	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,197,408)
Instruction		21,417,154		3,143,686		1,345,362		(16,928,106)
Pupil transportation		1,601,072		-		-		(1,601,072)
School lunch		651,802		27,403		558,180		(66,219)
Interest		707,637				_		(707,637)
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$	28,575,073	\$	3,171,089	\$	1,903,542	\$	(23,500,442)
	Gene	ral Revenues:						
	Pro	perty taxes					\$	6,336,910
	Nor	n property taxes	S					32,410
	Stat	e and federal a	id					15,158,544
	Inve	estment earning	gs					34,464
	Cor	npensation for	loss					18,733
	Mis	cellaneous						349,299
	T	otal General R	Reven	ues			\$	21,930,360
	Cha	inges in Net Po	sition	l			\$	(1,570,082)
	Net	Position, Begi	innin	g of Year (re	state	d)		(8,423,593)
	Net	Position, End	of Y	ear			\$	(9,993,675)

# **Balance Sheet**

# **Governmental Funds**

June 30, 2021

		General		Capital Projects		Nonmajor vernmental	Go	Total overnmental
ASSETS	Φ.	Fund	Φ.	Fund	Φ.	Funds		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,417,787	\$	62,872	\$	75,631	\$	11,556,290
Receivables		4,333,162		72,506		1,050,325		5,455,993
Inventories		- 2 252 460		-		8,505		8,505
Due from other funds	Φ.	2,252,469	Φ.	1,144,527	Φ.	609,314	Φ.	4,006,310
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	18,003,418	\$	1,279,905	\$	1,743,775	\$	21,027,098
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
<u>Liabilities</u> -								
Accounts payable	\$	32,030	\$	36,557	\$	70,427	\$	139,014
Accrued liabilities		51,987		-		7,554		59,541
Notes payable - revenue anticipation notes	S	7,500,000		-		-		7,500,000
Notes payable - bond anticipation notes		-		3,100,000		-		3,100,000
Due to other funds		2,264,776		289,063		1,452,471		4,006,310
Due to TRS		1,019,415		-		-		1,019,415
Due to ERS		88,070		_		10,519		98,589
Other liabilities		167,881		_		_		167,881
Unearned revenue		-		_		45,347		45,347
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	11,124,159	\$	3,425,620	\$	1,586,318	\$	16,136,097
Fund Balances -								
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,505	\$	8,505
Restricted		5,499,656		1,619,965		168,399		7,288,020
Assigned		554,328		-		33,953		588,281
Unassigned		825,275		(3,765,680)		(53,400)		(2,993,805)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	6,879,259	\$	(2,145,715)	\$	157,457	\$	4,891,001
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	18,003,418	\$	1,279,905	\$	1,743,775		
		ts reported for				2		
		ent of Net Positi						
		assets used in go			e not fi	nancial resource	es	
	and the	refore are not rep	orted in	n the funds.				36,428,581
	Interest	is accrued on ou	tstandi	ng bonds in the s	tateme	nt of net position	1	
	but not	in the funds.						(119,812)
	The foll	lowing long-term	obliga	tions are not due	and na	wahle in the		
		period and theref	_		_	•		
		bonds payable	ore ure	not reported in	une go i	ciminomai rana		(13,018,495)
		nortized bond pre	mium					(1,869,670)
	OPEI	_	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					(36,228,893)
		ensated absence	s					(723,777)
	-	red outflow - per						7,316,261
		red outflow - per						7,861,416
		ension liability	שם					(1,646,363)
		red inflow - pens	ion					(3,394,418)
		red inflow - pens						(9,489,506)
		sition of Govern		Activities			\$	(9,489,500)
	110010	and of Govern	ciita	11011100			Ψ	(7,773,013)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
REVENUES							
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ 6,336,910	\$	-	\$ -	\$	6,336,910	
Non-property taxes	32,410		-	-		32,410	
Charges for services	3,143,686		-	-		3,143,686	
Use of money and property	34,416		-	48		34,464	
Sale of property and compensation for loss	18,733		-	-		18,733	
Miscellaneous	403,041		-	103,298		506,339	
State sources	15,027,098		-	445,565		15,472,663	
Federal sources	131,446		-	1,356,857		1,488,303	
Sales	 			 27,403		27,403	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 25,127,740	\$		\$ 1,933,171	\$	27,060,911	
EXPENDITURES							
General support	\$ 2,644,843	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,644,843	
Instruction	12,654,033		-	1,377,362		14,031,395	
Pupil transportation	890,305		352,738	-		1,243,043	
Employee benefits	5,665,648		-	144,768		5,810,416	
Debt service - principal	1,285,000		-	-		1,285,000	
Debt service - interest	764,988		-	-		764,988	
Cost of sales	-		-	210,216		210,216	
Other expenses	-		-	294,205		294,205	
Capital outlay	-		2,429,173	-		2,429,173	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 23,904,817	\$	2,781,911	\$ 2,026,551	\$	28,713,279	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,222,923	\$	(2,781,911)	\$ (93,380)	\$	(1,652,368)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers - in	\$ -	\$	1,399,644	\$ 79,391	\$	1,479,035	
Transfers - out	(1,479,035)		-	-		(1,479,035)	
Proceeds from obligations	-		458,495	-		458,495	
Premium on obligations issued				 88,876		88,876	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			_	 _		_	
SOURCES (USES)	\$ (1,479,035)	\$	1,858,139	\$ 168,267	\$	547,371	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (256,112)	\$	(923,772)	\$ 74,887	\$	(1,104,997)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING							
OF YEAR (restated)	7,135,371		(1,221,943)	82,570		5,995,998	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 6,879,259	\$	(2,145,715)	\$ 157,457	\$	4,891,001	

# Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

## NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES -TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ (1,104,997)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 2,429,173
Additions to Assets, Net	389,547
Depreciation	 (1,106,647)

1,712,073

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments	\$ 1,285,000
Proceeds from Bond Issuance	(458,495)
Unamortized Bond Premium	177,163

1,003,668

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

(119.812)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.

(144,796)

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(1,815,205)

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System (1,279,938) Employees' Retirement System 144,831

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences

34,094

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ (1,570,082)

# LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

ASSETS	_	ustodial F <u>unds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	94,617
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	94,617
NET POSITION		
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	94,617
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	94,617

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>	
ADDITIONS		
Student activity	\$	51,171
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	51,171
DEDUCTIONS Student activity TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	<u>\$</u>	48,089 <b>48,089</b>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	3,082
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR (restated)		91,535
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	94,617

#### Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the LaFayette Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Reporting Entity

The LaFayette Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

#### 1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

# **B.** Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Onondaga, Cortland-Madison Counties Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$2,874,773 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,246,183.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

# C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

#### 1. Districtwide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# 2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

# a. <u>Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

**Nonmajor Governmental** - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

**Special Aid Fund** - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

**c.** <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.

# D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measureable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

## E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, 2020 and become a lien on August 13, 2020. Taxes are collected during the period September 8 to November 2, 2020.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County(ies) in which the District is located. The County(ies) pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County(ies) for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

## F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

# **G.** Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VIII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

#### H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

# I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

# J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

# K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

## L. <u>Capital Assets</u>

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	Tl	nreshold	Method	<b>Useful Life</b>
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	25-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	$\operatorname{SL}$	5-20 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

# M. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

# N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### O. Vested Employee Benefits

# 1. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time. sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

The liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are recognized as expenditures on a pay-as-you-go basis.

# P. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

# Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

#### R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

## S. Equity Classifications

#### 1. District-Wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- **Restricted Net Position** reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	<u>Total</u>
Insurance Reserve	\$ 33,000
Unemployment Costs	39,312
Retirement Contribution - TRS	302,259
Workers Compensation	159,449
Capital	448,412
Debt	88,904
Scholarships	79,495
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	 664,520
<b>Total Net Position - Restricted for</b>	 
Other Purposes	\$ 1,815,351

**c.** <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$34,160,086 at year end is the result of full implementation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations.

# 2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

**a.** Nonspendable Fund Balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	<u>]</u>	l'otal
Inventory in School Lunch	_\$	8,505
<b>Total Nonspendable Fund Balance</b>	\$	8,505

**Restricted Fund Balances** – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Capital Reserve - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

			1 otal
Name	Maximum	<b>Total Funding</b>	Year to Date
of Reserve	<b>Funding</b>	<b>Provided</b>	<b>Balance</b>
Capital Reserve-Construction	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 448,412	\$ 448,412

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Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

<u>Liability Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §1709(8)(c), must be used to pay for property loss and liability claims incurred. Separate funds for property loss and liability claims are required, and this reserve may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater.

<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>Teachers' Retirement Reserve</u> – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous years TRS salary.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

<u>Workers' Compensation Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

**Encumbrances** - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund -	
Workers' Compensation	\$ 159,449
Unemployment Costs	39,312
Retirement Contribution - ERS	727,424
Retirement Contribution - TRS	302,259
Insurance	33,000
Repair	2,273,900
Liability	851,380
Capital Reserves	448,412
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	664,520
Capital Fund -	
Capital Projects	1,619,965
Misc Special Revenue Fund -	
Scholarships	79,495
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Debt Service	 88,904
<b>Total Restricted Fund Balance</b>	\$ 7,288,020

The District appropriated and/or budgeted funds from the following reserves for the 2021-22 budget:

	<u>Total</u>
Unemployment Costs	\$ 25,000
Retirement Contribution	442,500
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	 253,500
Total	\$ 721,000

Assigned Fund Balance – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$31,000, the Capital Projects Fund to be \$6,500, and the Special Aid Fund to be \$3,750. The District reports the following significant encumbrances.

Capital Projects Fund -	
Buses	\$ 91,571
Capital Improvements	 1,096,061
<b>Total Capital Projects Fund Significant Encumbrances</b>	\$ 1,187,632
Special Aid Fund -	
Instructional	\$ 5,255

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u> 1 Otai</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 4,328
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	550,000
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	33,953
<b>Total Assigned Fund Balance</b>	\$ 588,281

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c. Unassigned Fund Balance - Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

#### 3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

# T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2021, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities.

GASB has issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

# **U.** Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will be effective for the periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020, Paragraphs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 1-11a, and 12, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 13 and 14*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 11b*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Privatee and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

#### II. Restatement of Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The District's net position has been restated as follows:

	 ernment-Wide Statements	Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>	
Net position beginning of year, as previously stated	\$ (8,506,161)	\$	5,913,430	\$	76,864
Adjustments for activities previously					
recorded in Agency Fund:					
Student Activity Balance	-		-		91,535
Other scholarships	5,704		5,704		-
Adjustments for activities previously					
recorded in Private Purpose Trust:					
Scholarships	76,864		76,864		(76,864)
Net position beginning of year, as restated	\$ (8,423,593)	\$	5,995,998	\$	91,535

# III. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activity. The implementation of the statement changes the reporting for certain activity previously reported in the Fiduciary Fund. The District is now required to report some or all of that activity in the Governmental funds. See Note II for the financial statement impact of implementation of the Statement.

## IV. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

#### A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the 2020-21 year the budget was increased \$106,333 for Cares Act expenditures.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### **B.** Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

# C. <u>Deficit Net Position</u>

The District-wide net position had a deficit at June 30, 2021 of \$9,993,675. The deficit is the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$36,228,893 at June 30, 2021. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit.

# D. Deficit Fund Balance

## 1. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$2,145,715 at June 30, 2021, which is a result of bond anticipation notes which are used as a temporary means of financing capital projects. These proceeds are not recognized as revenue but merely serve to provide cash to meet expenditures. This results in the creation of a fund deficit which will remain until the notes are replaced by permanent financing (i.e., bonds, grants-in-aid, or redemption from current appropriations).

# 2. Special Aid Fund

The Special Aid Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$53,400 at June 30, 2021 which is a result of recognizing eligible expenditures for the CRRSA funds awarded to the District, however, the FS-10 has not been approved by the State Education Department, therefore, a revenue cannot be recognized. Once approved the District will recognize a receivable and revenue and the deficit will be eliminated.

#### V. Cash and Cash Equivalents

**Credit risk:** In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

**Interest rate risk:** The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates

The District's aggregate bank balances, included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging	
Financial Institution	1,151,200
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent	5,128,656
Total	\$ 6,279,856

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year end includes \$7,288,020 within the governmental funds and \$94,617 in the fiduciary funds.

#### VI. Investment Pool

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the cooperative as of year end are \$5,500,178 which consisted of \$579,719 in repurchase agreements, \$3,185,703 in U.S. Treasury Securities, \$321,210 in FDIC insured deposits and \$1,413,546 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

The following amounts are included as unrestricted and restricted cash:

		Unrealized		
	Carrying	Carrying	Type of	
<u>Fund</u>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Invesment</b>	
General Fund	\$ 5,500,178	\$ 5,500,178	CLASS	

#### VII. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities									
		General		Special Aid		<b>Capital Projects</b>		ool Lunch			
<b>Description</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<u>Total</u>	
Accounts Receivable	\$	48,855	\$	-	\$	-	\$	123	\$	48,978	
Due From State and Federal		4,284,307		966,964		72,506		83,238		5,407,015	
<b>Total Receivables</b>	\$	4,333,162	\$	966,964	\$	72,506	\$	83,361	\$	5,455,993	

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

#### VIII. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

		Interfund									
	Receivables	<b>Payables</b>	Revenues	<b>Expenditures</b>							
General Fund	\$ 2,252,469	\$ 2,264,776	\$ -	\$ 1,479,035							
Capital Projects Fund	1,144,527	289,063	1,399,644	=							
Non-Major Funds	609,314	1,452,471	79,391								
Total	\$ 4,006,310	\$ 4,006,310	\$ 1,479,035	\$ 1,479,035							

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

## IX. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

	Balance					Balance
<u>Type</u>	<u>7/1/2020</u>	4	<u>Additions</u>	<u>r</u>	<u> Deletions</u>	<u>6/30/2021</u>
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>						
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -						
Land	\$ 156,400	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 156,400
Work in progress	 6,164,744		2,429,173		6,565	 8,587,352
Total Nondepreciable	\$ 6,321,144	\$	2,429,173	\$	6,565	\$ 8,743,752
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -						
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 41,739,097	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 41,739,097
Machinery and equipment	 4,483,400		398,311		201,994	4,679,717
Total Depreciated Assets	\$ 46,222,497	\$	398,311	\$	201,994	\$ 46,418,814
<b>Less Accumulated Depreciation -</b>						
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 15,127,100	\$	784,916	\$	-	\$ 15,912,016
Machinery and equipment	 2,700,033		321,731		199,795	 2,821,969
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 17,827,133	\$	1,106,647	\$	199,795	\$ 18,733,985
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	 _					
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 28,395,364	\$	(708,336)	\$	2,199	\$ 27,684,829
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	\$ 34,716,508	\$	1,720,837	\$	8,764	\$ 36,428,581

Depreciation expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

<b>Governmental Activities:</b>	
General Government Support	\$ 795,256
Instruction	25,186
Pupil Transportation	252,113
School Lunch	 34,092

1,106,647

**Total Depreciation Expense** 

## X. Short-Term Debt

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

		Interest	Balance			Balance
	<b>Maturity</b>	Rate	7/1/2020	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Deletions</b>	6/30/2021
RAN	6/18/2021	1.25%	\$ 5,000,000	\$ -	\$ 5,000,000	\$ -
RAN	6/17/2022	1.00%	=	4,000,000	-	4,000,000
RAN	8/13/2021	1.50%	=	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
BAN	7/23/2021	1.50%	-	3,100,000	-	3,100,000
Total S	hort-Term Debt	t	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 10,600,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 10,600,000

## (X.) (Continued)

A summary of the short-term interest expense for the year is as follows:

Interest Paid	\$ 62,500
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	90,928
Total Short-Term Interest Expense	\$ 153,428

## XI. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance 7/1/2020	A	dditions	]	<b>Deletions</b>	Balance 6/30/2021	_	ue Within One Year
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				-		·		
<b>Bonds and Notes Payable -</b>								
Serial Bonds	\$ 13,845,000	\$	458,495	\$	1,285,000	\$ 13,018,495	\$	1,418,495
Bond Premium	2,046,833		-		177,163	1,869,670		177,163
<b>Total Bonds and Notes Payable</b>	\$ 15,891,833	\$	458,495	\$	1,462,163	\$ 14,888,165	\$	1,595,658
Other Liabilities -	 							
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,106,941	\$	-	\$	460,578	\$ 1,646,363	\$	-
OPEB	43,475,748		-		7,246,855	36,228,893		-
Compensated Absences	757,871		-		34,094	723,777		180,944
<b>Total Other Liabilities</b>	\$ 46,340,560	\$	-	\$	7,741,527	\$ 38,599,033	\$	180,944
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$ 62,232,393	\$	458,495	\$	9,203,690	\$ 53,487,198	\$	1,776,602

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

	Original	Issue	Final	Interest	Amount Outstanding
<b>Description</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Maturity</b>	<u>Rate</u>	6/30/2021
Construction	\$ 3,755,000	2011	2025	3.00%-5.00%	\$ 1,360,000
Refunding	\$ 3,535,000	2016	2025	2.00%-4.50%	415,000
Buses	\$ 226,000	2017	2021	2.125%-2.50%	50,000
Buses	\$ 247,000	2018	2023	2.250%-2.375	100,000
Buses	\$ 275,000	2019	2024	3.00%-3.50%	170,000
DASNY	\$ 3,790,000	2019	2035	5.00%	3,670,000
DASNY	\$ 8,425,000	2017	2031	3.00%-5.00%	6,615,000
Buses	\$ 225,000	2020	2025	1.77%	180,000
Buses	\$ 458,495	2021	2026	1.125%-1.250%	458,495
<b>Total Serial Bonds</b>					\$ 13,018,495

#### (XI.) (Continued)

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	 Serial Bonds								
<u>Year</u>	 <u>Principal</u>		Interest						
2022	\$ 1,418,495	\$	603,573						
2023	1,420,000		542,488						
2024	1,440,000		487,592						
2025	1,435,000		424,345						
2026	965,000		361,094						
2027-31	5,025,000		1,106,750						
2032-35	1,315,000		168,500						
Total	\$ 13,018,495	\$	3,694,342						

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2021 was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 702,488
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	28,884
Less: Amortization of Debt Premium	 (177,163)
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 554,209

#### XII. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	<b>Outflows</b>	<b>Inflows</b>
Pension	\$ 7,316,261	\$ 3,394,418
OPEB	7,861,416	9,489,506
Total	\$ 15,177,677	\$ 12,883,924

#### XIII. Pension Plans

#### A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

#### B. Provisions and Administration

A 10 member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at <a href="https://www.nystrs.org">www.nystrs.org</a>.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at <a href="https://www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php">www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php</a>.

#### C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2021:

<b>Contributions</b>	<u>ERS</u>		<u>TRS</u>
2021	\$	358 180	\$ 1 019 415

## D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2021, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2021 for ERS and June 30, 2021 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		ERS		<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	Marc	h 31, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	(7,970)	\$	(1,638,393)
District's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension asset/(liability)		0.008%		0.059%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expenses of \$219,952 for ERS and \$2,163,068 for TRS. At June 30, 2021 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources				
		<u>ERS</u>	TRS		ERS		TRS
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$	97,333	\$ 1,435,560	\$	-	\$	83,965
Changes of assumptions		1,465,389	2,072,186		27,638		738,626
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_	1,070,014		2,289,396		_
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and			1,070,011		2,207,370		
proportionate share of contributions		87,285	40,656		4,471		250,322
Subtotal	\$	1,650,007	\$ 4,618,416	\$	2,321,505	\$	1,072,913
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		98,589	949,249				
Grand Total	\$	1,748,596	\$ 5,567,665	\$	2,321,505	\$	1,072,913

#### (XIII.) (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<b>Year</b>	ERS	<b>TRS</b>
2021	\$ =	\$ 595,459
2022	(107,354)	1,245,614
2023	(22,141)	1,010,537
2024	(107,840)	614,807
2025	(434,163)	12,786
Thereafter	 _	66,300
Total	\$ (671,498)	\$ 3,545,503

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2020	June 30, 2019
Interest rate	5.90%	7.10%
Salary scale	4.50%	4.72%-1.90%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.70%	2.20%
COLA's	1.40%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2019. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2019.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2021 are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return				
· ·	ERS	TRS		
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020		
Asset Type -				
Domestic equity	4.05%	7.10%		
International equity	6.30%	7.70%		
Global equity	0.00%	7.40%		
Private equity	6.75%	10.40%		
Real estate	4.95%	6.80%		
Absolute return strategies *	4.50%	0.00%		
Opportunistic portfolios	4.50%	0.00%		
Real assets	5.95%	0.00%		
Bonds and mortgages	0.00%	0.00%		
Cash	0.50%	0.00%		
Inflation-indexed bonds	0.50%	0.00%		
Private debt	0.00%	5.20%		
Real estate debt	0.00%	3.60%		
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.90%		
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.80%		
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	1.00%		
Short-term	0.00%	0.70%		

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2% for ERS and 2.2% for TRS.

3.63%

0.00%

\* Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

#### F. Discount Rate

Credit

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## G. Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (4.90% for ERS and 6.10% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 8.10% for TRS) than the current assumption :

### (XIII.) (Continued)

ERS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	19	% Decrease (4.90%)	As	Current ssumption (5.90%)		% Increase (6.90%)
asset (liability)	\$	(2,212,109)	\$	(7,970)	\$	2,024,762
TRS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	19	% Decrease (6.10%)	As	Current ssumption (7.10%)	1%	% Increase ( <u>8.10%)</u>
asset (liability)	\$	(10,349,165)	\$	(1,638,393)	\$	5,672,152

#### H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)		
	ERS	TRS	
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 220,680,157	\$ 123,242,776	
Plan net position	220,580,583	120,479,505	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (99,574)	\$ (2,763,271)	
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	99.95%	97.80%	

#### I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$98,589.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2021 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$1,019,415.

#### XIV. Postemployment Benefits

#### A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms* – At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	100
Active Employees	196
Total	296

#### B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$36,228,893 was measured as of July 1, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary Increases Vary by pension retirement system membership (TRS or ERS)

Discount Rate 2.16 percent

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 5.70 from 2020 to 2021, decreasing gradually to an ultimate rate of 4.04%

by 2075

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs

Varies depending on contract

The discount rate was based on 20-year, tax exempt general municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub 2010 Headcount Weighted Table (Teachers for TRS group and General Employees for ERS group) projected fully generationally using MP-2020.

## C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 43,475,748
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	\$ 1,761,630
Interest	990,382
Differences between expected and actual experience	918,207
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(10,065,016)
Benefit payments	 (852,058)
Net Changes	\$ (7,246,855)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 36,228,893

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21 percent in 2020 to 2.16 percent in 2021.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount				
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase		
	<u>(1.16%)</u>	<u>(2.16%)</u>	<u>(3.16%)</u>		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 44,818,188	\$ 36,228,893	\$ 29,737,018		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			]	Healthcare				
	1	% Decrease	Cos	t Trend Rates	1	l% Increase		
		(4.70%		(5.70%		(6.70%		
	]	Decreasing	]	Decreasing	Decreasing			
		to 3.04%)		to 4.04%)		to 5.04%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	29,298,618	\$	36,228,893	\$	45,826,248		

#### D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,667,263. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

#### (XIV.) (Continued)

	 rred Outflows Resources	erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,233,771	\$ <del>-</del>
Changes of assumptions	6,627,645	9,489,506
Total	\$ 7,861,416	\$ 9,489,506

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2022	\$ (84,749)
2023	(84,749)
2024	(84,749)
2025	(84,749)
2026	(52,585)
Thereafter	 (1,236,509)
Total	\$ (1,628,090)

#### XV. Risk Management

#### A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

#### **B.** Workers' Compensation

The District participates in a Workers' Compensation Consortium for its employees. Benefits are provided through self funding by the individual participants through the purchase of insurance and through the purchase of "stop-loss" coverage. A member may withdraw from the Plan by submitting a notice of withdrawal by May 1 preceding the school year of withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, the Board will determine amounts owed by the member or amounts that may be due to the withdrawing member. The District funds its portion of the program through the General Fund and premiums to the Workers' Compensation Consortium totaled \$142,318 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### C. Health Insurance

The District participates in the Onondaga-Cortland-Madison Health Consortium consisting of 24 other governmental entities for their health insurance coverage, as well as, in the Onondaga-Cortland-Madison Workers' compensation Consortium consisting of Onondaga-Cortland-Madison BOCES and various other school districts for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. The District participates in a non-risk retained public entity risk pool for its employee health insurance coverage. A member of the Health Consortium may withdraw from the Plan by submitting a notice of withdrawal by May 1 preceding the school year of withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, the Board will determine amounts owed by the member or amounts that may be due to the withdrawing member. If the Plan's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the Plan's liabilities. Premiums paid to the Health Consortium totaled \$3,308,693 for the year ended June 30, 2021

#### (XV.) (Continued)

#### D. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self insurance fund to pay these claims. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2020-21 fiscal year totaled \$0. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2021 was \$39,312 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2021, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

#### XVI. Commitments and Contingencies

#### A. <u>Litigation</u>

The District received a notice from the Internal Revenue Service proposing a penalty for late filing for which the financial outcome is not known as of the date of this report.

#### B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### **XVII.** Rental of District Property

The District leases property to various organizations. Total rental income for the 2020-21 fiscal year totaled \$31,250 for classroom space.

#### XIII. Subsequent Events

On July 22, 2021 the District issued a Bond Anticipation Note in the amount of \$2,805,129 at 0.28% which matures June 28, 2022.

On July 6, 2021 the District issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$1,360,000 at an average interest rate of 4.54% which matures on June 15, 2025.

#### XIV. COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the School's financial condition, liquidity, voter approved budgets, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, budgets, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the School is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, the Federal Government passed several COVID relief acts which include funding for elementary and secondary education. The School District was awarded three different stimulus packages known as Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES), Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA), and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). New York State Required the CARES funds to be reported in the General fund, as an offset to state aid reductions, referred to as the Pandemic Adjustment, while the CRRSA and ARPA funds are required to be reported in the special aid fund.

The District reported \$88,670 in CARES revenues and expenditures during the 2021 fiscal year and has submitted the CRRSA and ARPA funding applications to the New York State Education Department for approval. All three stimulus funds may be used for pre-award costs dating back to March 13, 2020, when the national emergency was declared. The District also provided free breakfast and lunches to all students (except those who opted out) through the Summer Food Service Program.

#### LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

		2021	2020	2019	2018		
Service cost	\$	1,761,630	\$ 1,133,808	\$ 764,170	\$	799,421	
Interest		990,382	1,175,835	1,216,975		1,115,531	
Differences between expected and actual experiences		918,207	164,646	493,700		-	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(10,065,016)	9,149,993	137,902		(1,577,961)	
Benefit payments		(852,058)	(1,019,824)	(839,363)		(798,310)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(7,246,855)	\$ 10,604,458	\$ 1,773,384	\$	(461,319)	
<b>Total OPEB Liability - Beginning</b>	\$	43,475,748	\$ 32,871,290	\$ 31,097,906	\$	31,559,225	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	36,228,893	\$ 43,475,748	\$ 32,871,290	\$	31,097,906	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	11,334,445	\$ 12,761,528	\$ 10,311,562	\$	11,285,086	
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered							
Employee Payroll		319.64%	340.68%	318.78%		275.57%	

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

#### LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

NYSERS Pension Plan (dollar amounts displayed in thousands)

			<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>				
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0	008004%	0.0	007957%	0.0	0.007391%		007031%	0.0	007437%	0.0	0.007152%		007635%	0.0	007635%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$	8	\$	2,107	\$	524	\$	227	\$	599	\$	1,148	\$	258	\$	345
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,467	\$	2,293	\$	2,165	\$	2,048	\$	2,056	\$	2,503	\$	1,971	\$	1,825
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.324%		91.888%		24.203%		11.084%		29.134%		45.865%		13.090%		18.904%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		99.95%		86.39%		96.27%		98.24%		94.70%		90.70%		97.90%		97.20%

NYSTRS Pension Plan (dollar amounts displayed in thousands)

N 151 K5 Fension Fian (donar amounts disprayed in thousands)																
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0	)59292%	0.0	0.058272%		057829%	0.0	054881%	0.0	053122%	0.0	053522%	0.056079%		0.0	)54747%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$	(1,638)	\$	(1,514)	\$	(1,046)	\$	(417)	\$	5,690	\$	5,559	\$	6,247	\$	360
Covered-employee payroll	\$	9,961	\$	10,064	\$	10,308	\$	10,066	\$	8,697	\$	8,663	\$	8,040	\$	8,284
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-	16.444%	-	-15.044%	-	-10.147%		-4.143%		65.425%		64.169%	,	77.699%		4.346%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		97.80%		102.20%		101.53%		100.66%		99.01%		110.46%		111.48%		100.70%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

#### LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

#### Schedule of District Contributions For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

NYSERS Pension Plan (dollar amounts displayed in thousands) 2021 **2020** <u> 2019</u> 2018 2017 2015 2014 <u>2013</u> 2012 Contractually required \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ contributions 358 \$ 328 316 309 310 348 385 \$ 335 395 \$ 362 Contributions in relation to the contractually required (358)(328)(316)(309)(310)(348)(385)(395)(362)contribution (335)\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ \$ \$ \$ Covered-employee payroll 2,467 2,293 \$ 2,165 2,048 2,056 \$ 2,503 1,971 1,825 1,898 1,985 Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll 14.51% 14.30% 14.60% 15.09% 15.08% 13.90% 19.53% 18.36% 20.81% 18.24% NYSTRS Pension Plan (dollar amounts displayed in thousands) 2021 **2020** <u>2019</u> 2018 <u>2017</u> <u>2016</u> 2015 <u>2014</u> <u>2013</u> 2012 Contractually required contributions 1,019 \$ 1,032 \$ 923 \$ 1,019 1,087 \$ 1,149 \$ 1,409 \$ 949 \$ 896 Contributions in relation to the contractually required (1,019)(1,032)(923) (1,019)(1,087)(1,149)(1,409)(1,346)(949) (896) contribution \$ \$ Contribution deficiency (excess)

8,697

12.50%

8,663

13.26%

\$

8,040

17.52%

8,284

16.25%

8,019

11.83%

8,065

11.11%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

10,064

10.25%

10,308

8.95%

\$ 10,066

10.12%

9,961

10.23%

Covered-employee payroll

Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

# Required Supplementary Information LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## ${\bf Schedule\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balance\ -}$

## ${\bf Budget\ (Non\text{-}GAAP\ Basis)\ and\ Actual\ -\ General\ Fund}$

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES		Original <u>Budget</u>		Amended <u>Budget</u>		Current Year's <u>Revenues</u>	O	ver (Under) Revised <u>Budget</u>
Local Sources -								
Real property taxes	\$	6,327,190	\$	5,564,859	\$	5,566,941	\$	2,082
Real property tax items	Ψ	7,000	Ψ	769,331	Ψ	769,969	Ψ	638
Non-property taxes		26,000		26,000		32,410		6,410
Charges for services		3,074,527		3,074,527		3,143,686		69,159
Use of money and property		30,000		30,000		34,416		4,416
Sale of property and		2 2,2 2 2		2 3,000		2 1,123		.,
compensation for loss		7,000		7,000		18,733		11,733
Miscellaneous		195,000		195,000		403,041		208,041
State Sources -		,		•		ŕ		,
Basic formula		10,540,120		10,834,991		7,971,942		(2,863,049)
Lottery aid		-		-		1,538,326		1,538,326
BOCES		187,460		187,460		1,246,183		1,058,723
Textbooks		6,500		6,500		46,484		39,984
All Other Aid -								
Computer software		3,600		3,600		27,331		23,731
Library loan		700		700		5,056		4,356
Other aid		5,362,587		5,362,587		4,191,776		(1,170,811)
Federal Sources		30,000		136,333		131,446		(4,887)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	25,797,684	\$	26,198,888	\$	25,127,740	\$	(1,071,148)
Appropriated reserves	\$	421,076	\$	1,421,076				
Appropriated fund balance	\$	550,000	\$	550,000				
Prior year encumbrances  TOTAL REVENUES AND  APPROPRIATED RESERVES/	\$	88,807	\$	88,807				
FUND BALANCE	\$	26,857,567	\$	28,258,771				

#### LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

## $Budget\ (Non\text{-}GAAP\ Basis)\ and\ Actual\ \text{-}\ General\ Fund$

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Current				
	Original	Amended		Year's			Une	encumbered
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	E	<u>xpenditures</u>	Encu	mbrances	•	<u>Balances</u>
EXPENDITURES								
General Support -								
Board of education	\$ 32,864	\$ 35,863	\$	30,132	\$	-	\$	5,731
Central administration	219,503	220,169		214,444		526		5,199
Finance	381,037	399,466		384,579		273		14,614
Staff	163,468	139,693		128,578		-		11,115
Central services	2,139,880	2,207,755		1,731,525		719		475,511
Special items	181,690	173,772		155,585		-		18,187
Instructional -								
Instruction, administration and improvement	850,850	975,709		856,961		-		118,748
Teaching - regular school	7,619,563	7,628,379		6,880,461		-		747,918
Programs for children with								
handicapping conditions	3,081,717	3,121,917		2,816,172		524		305,221
Occupational education	89,962	106,464		106,464		-		-
Teaching - special schools	71,495	76,285		14,946		-		61,339
Instructional media	1,071,186	1,080,473		890,772		-		189,701
Pupil services	1,311,984	1,304,781		1,088,257		250		216,274
Pupil Transportation	1,054,867	1,073,919		890,305		2,036		181,578
Community Services	1,000	1,000		-		-		1,000
<b>Employee Benefits</b>	6,334,978	6,106,274		5,665,648		-		440,626
Debt service - principal	1,384,031	1,328,254		1,285,000		-		43,254
Debt service - interest	 707,492	764,988		764,988		_		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 26,697,567	\$ 26,745,161	\$	23,904,817	\$	4,328	\$	2,836,016
Other Uses -								
Transfers - out	\$ 160,000	\$ 1,513,610	\$	1,479,035	\$	-	\$	34,575
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND								
OTHER USES	\$ 26,857,567	\$ 28,258,771	\$	25,383,852	\$	4,328	\$	2,870,591
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(256,112)				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 7,135,371	7,135,371		7,135,371				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 7,135,371	\$ 7,135,371	\$	6,879,259				

 $\underline{\textbf{Note to Required Supplementary Information:}}\\$ 

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

## LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget

## And The Real Property Tax Limit

## For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget			\$ 20,324,251
Onondaga Nation School Budget			6,444,509
Total budget			\$ 26,768,760
Prior year's encumbrances			88,807
Original Budget			\$ 26,857,567
Budget revisions -			
Cares Act			106,333
FINAL BUDGET			\$ 26,963,900
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULAT	ION	:	
2021-22 voter approved expenditure budget			\$ 20,631,885
Unrestricted fund balance:			
Assigned fund balance	\$	554,328	
Unassigned fund balance		825,275	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$	1,379,603	
Less adjustments:			
Appropriated fund balance	\$	550,000	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance		4,328	
Total adjustments	\$	554,328	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of			
Real Property Tax Law			825,275
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE			 4.00%

## LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND Schedule of Project Expenditures

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Expenditures								
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended		Local	Federal and State			Fund
Project Title	Appropriation	Appropriation	Years	<u>Year</u>	Total	Balance	Obligations	Sources	Sources	Transfers	<u>Total</u>	Balance
2021 Buses	\$ 458,495	\$ 458,495	\$ -	\$ 359,303	\$ 359,303	\$ 99,192	\$ 458,495	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 458,495	\$ 99,192
2017 District Renovations	5,432,950	5,432,950	5,348,315	162,964	5,511,279	(78,329)	4,591,825	-	985,091	-	5,576,916	65,637
2018 District Renovations	3,100,000	3,100,000	1,427,645	1,666,513	3,094,158	5,842	-	-	-	-	-	(3,094,158)
2019-2020 General Fund Transfer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,566	-	(6,566)	-	-
Smart Schools Bond Act	556,670	556,670	476,534	-	476,534	80,136	-	-	476,534	-	476,534	-
2020 District Renovation	8,600,000	8,600,000	15,000	449,163	464,163	8,135,837	-	1,000,000	294,871	-	1,294,871	830,708
2019-2020 Capital Outlay	100,000	100,000	93,724	-	93,724	6,276	-	93,724	-	-	93,724	-
2020-2021 Capital Outlay	100,000	100,000	1,333	96,874	98,207	1,793	-	98,207	-	-	98,207	-
2021-2022 Capital Outlay	100,000	100,000	-	17,065	17,065	82,935	-	-	-	-	-	(17,065)
2020-2021 Emergency Project-Bus Lift	400,000	400,000	-	30,029	30,029	369,971	-	-	-	-	-	(30,029)
2020-2021 Emergency Project-Water Heater	30,000	30,000				30,000						
TOTAL	\$ 18,878,115	\$ 18,878,115	\$ 7,362,551	\$ 2,781,911	\$ 10,144,462	\$ 8,733,653	\$ 5,050,320	\$ 1,198,497	\$ 1,756,496	\$ (6,566)	\$ 7,998,747	\$ (2,145,715)

## LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

## Special

				~ F						
			Rev	enue Funds				Total		
		Special		School	Mis	cellaneous		Debt	N	Nonmajor
		Aid		Lunch	Spec	ial Revenue		Service	Go	vernmental
		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Funds</b>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,607	\$	48,939	\$	24,085	\$	-	\$	75,631
Receivables		966,964		83,361		-		-		1,050,325
Inventories		-		8,505		-		-		8,505
Due from other funds		122,574		98,574		56,110		332,056		609,314
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,092,145	\$	239,379	\$	80,195	\$	332,056	\$	1,743,775
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN Liabilities -	NCE	S								
Accounts payable	\$	70,427	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	70,427
Accrued liabilities		7,554		_		-		-		7,554
Due to other funds		1,027,651		180,968		700		243,152		1,452,471
Due to ERS		-		10,519		-		-		10,519
Unearned revenue		39,913		5,434		-		-		45,347
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,145,545	\$	196,921	\$	700	\$	243,152	\$	1,586,318
Fund Balances -										
Nonspendable	\$	_	\$	8,505	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,505
Restricted		-		_		79,495		88,904		168,399
Assigned		-		33,953		-		-		33,953
Unassigned		(53,400)		_		-		-		(53,400)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	(53,400)	\$	42,458	\$	79,495	\$	88,904	\$	157,457
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		1,092,145	\$	239,379	\$	80,195	\$	332,056	\$	1,743,775
I OND DALANCES	Ψ	1,074,143	Ψ	437,317	Ψ	00,173	Ψ	334,030	Ψ	1,173,113

## LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Combined Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **Special**

		Rev	venue Funds	S					Total
	Special		School	Mise	cellaneous		Debt	ľ	Nonmajor
	Aid		Lunch	Speci	al Revenue	9	Service	Go	vernmental
	<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		Fund		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Funds</b>
REVENUES									
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	-	\$	20	\$	28	\$	48
Miscellaneous	1,739		100,179		1,380		-		103,298
State sources	430,443		15,122		-		-		445,565
Federal sources	913,180		443,677		-		-		1,356,857
Sales	-		27,403						27,403
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 1,345,362	\$	586,381	\$	1,400	\$	28	\$	1,933,171
EXPENDITURES									
Instruction	\$ 1,377,362	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,377,362
Employee benefits	37,609		107,159		-		-		144,768
Cost of sales	-		210,216		-		-		210,216
Other expenses	 -		289,730		4,475		_		294,205
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,414,971	\$	607,105	\$	4,475	\$		\$	2,026,551
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (69,609)	\$	(20,724)	\$	(3,075)	\$	28	\$	(93,380)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers - in	\$ 16,209	\$	63,182	\$	-	\$	-	\$	79,391
Premium on obligations issued	 						88,876		88,876
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)	\$ 16,209	\$	63,182	\$		\$	88,876	\$	168,267
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (53,400)	\$	42,458	\$	(3,075)	\$	88,904	\$	74,887
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING									
OF YEAR (restated)	 				82,570				82,570
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ (53,400)	\$	42,458	\$	79,495	\$	88,904	\$	157,457

# Supplementary Information LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Net Investment in Capital Assets For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Assets purchased with short-term financing		3,141,252	
Unamortized bond premium	Ψ	1,869,670	
<b>Deduct:</b> Bond payable	\$	13,018,495	
			99,192
Add: Unspent bond proceeds	\$	99,192	
Capital assets, net			\$ 36,428,581

# LAFAYETTE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Grantor / Pass - Through Agency Listing Grantor Agency Tota	l <u>tures</u>
	<u>tures</u>
Federal Award Cluster / Program Number Number Expende	
U.S. Department of Education:	
Indirect Programs:	
Passed Through NYS Education Department -	
Special Education Cluster IDEA -	
Special Education - Grants to	
States (IDEA, Part B) 84.027 N/A 0032-21-0647 \$ 23	2,093
Special Education - Preschool	
Grants (IDEA Preschool) 84.173 N/A 0033-21-0647	0,073
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA \$ 24	2,166
Education Stabilization Funds -	
CARES Act - ESSER 84.425D N/A 5890-21-2125	5,670
CARES Act - GEER 84.425C N/A 5895-21-2125	3,000
Total Education Stabilization Funds \$	8,670
Title IIA - Supporting Effective	
Instruction State Grant 84.367 N/A 0147-21-2125	0,972
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program 84.424 N/A 0204-21-2125	0,000
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 N/A 0011-21-2312	4,000
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 N/A 0021-21-2125	7,129
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 N/A 0011-21-2112 33	5,196
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 N/A 0011-20-2112 20	3,717
Total U.S. Department of Education \$ 1,00	1,850
U.S. Department of Agriculture:	
Indirect Programs:	
Passed Through NYS Education Department -	
Child Nutrition Cluster -	
	7,559
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash	,
	2,973
	0,532
	0,532
·	2,382



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Education LaFayette Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the LaFayette Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the LaFayette Central School District, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2021.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the LaFayette Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the LaFayette Central School District, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the LaFayette Central School District, New York's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the LaFayette Central School District, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 11, 2021